

Student Health Center

The California State University Maritime Academy has health requirements for all degree programs because every student participates in an international experience which may include at least one training cruise. In addition, degree programs, for which maritime licensure is a graduation requirement, have additional physical and mental health requirements as determined by the U.S. Coast Guard.

In this section you will find the required health forms to be completed by you and your licensed healthcare provider (must be a U.S. licensed medical professional MD, DO, PA, or NP) and returned to the Student Health Center by May 3rd, 2022:

- Health Report (8 pages total)
 - Student to complete pages 1, 2, 5, 7, & 8
 - o Provider to complete pages 3 & 4; review and sign pages 2, 3, 4 & 5
- CA Tuberculosis Risk Assessment
- o Information About Meningococcal Disease and Immunization
- Notice of Privacy Practices

Your Health Report may affect your eligibility for enrollment in and completion of certain majors. Therefore, it should be fully completed and returned as soon as possible, but no later than May 3rd, 2022 or within two weeks after the date you receive your acceptance letter, whichever is later. Those who wish a priority medical review prior to May 3rd may receive one if the forms are submitted by April 1st, 2022. Receipt of the Health Report by April 1st, 2022 will ensure a full refund of the admission deposit if the medical review reveals certain chronic health conditions that (for some majors) prevent receiving professional licenses required for graduation or work in major-related fields. Additional medical documentation may be requested based on information contained in your Health Report. If requested please send this information to the Student Health Center as soon as possible. Delays in submitting requested information or incomplete forms will hold up your registration for classes.

Please mail all health information to the address below:

Cal Maritime Student Health Center 200 Maritime Academy Drive Vallejo, CA 94590

Any questions with regards to the Health Report may be directed to the Student Health Center at (707) 654-1170 or you may visit our web site at http://www.csum.edu/web/health-services/.

Maritime, which includes a training cruise and/or international travel, students are required to have health insurance. If you have personal insurance that meets Cal Maritime's minimum requirements, you may be eligible for an annual insurance waiver. This form is NOT an insurance waiver. Neither is submitting a copy of an insurance card. You must apply online to waive Cal Maritime's Health Insurance, typically between early May to August. Please visit the Student Health Center website at http://www.csum.edu/web/health-services/required-health-insurance for the deadline date, more information about these specific requirements and to find the link to apply for the annual waiver when it opens.

It is the student's responsibility to inform Cal Maritime when his/her health coverage changes.



Health Report for Marine Transportation, Mechanical Engineering-USCG License, and Marine Engineering Technology Maior.

				najoi	
STUDENT INFORMATION					
Name					
Last	First		Middle		
AddressStreet		City	State		
Birth date//	Age			Σiρ □	
E-mail		Cell Ph	# ()		
EMERICANOV CONTACT INFORMA	TION		, , ,		
EMERGENCY CONTACT INFORMA	IION				
Name			N 4' 1 11		
Last Relationship	First		Middle		
Relationship Work ()		Home ()			
E-mail		Cell P	h # ()		
			(
ADMISSION HEALTH REPORT					
The Admission Health Report is the foundation of each student's medical record at Cal Maritime and is used for all admitted Cal Maritime students including those seeking U.S. Coast Guard licensure and students in majors not associated with licensure. The U.S. Coast Guard determines eligibility for licensure and continued eligibility to participate in majors requiring USCG licensure for graduation. Admission to Cal Maritime is not a guarantee of continued enrollment or subsequent licensure. Health information submitted is accessible by the staff of the Student Health Center and Athletic Trainer. <i>Medical treatment information</i> is not released without written authorization of the student, a subpoena, as specified by state or federal law including the Federal Education Records and Privacy Act, and/or as required by the USCG for licensing purposes.					
My signature below attests that all information I have reported is true and complete to the best of my knowledge. I have not knowingly omitted any information relevant to these forms. I further attest that I will inform the Cal Maritime Student Health Center of any change in health status once enrolled, including but not limited to new diagnoses, change of medication, surgery, or hospitalization. Failure to provide current, accurate information may jeopardize enrollment at Cal Maritime or the ability to qualify for U.S. Coast Guard licensure.					
Student's signature:			Date:		
CONSENT FOR TREATMENT					
I hereby give consent to the clinical staff of the Student Health Center at California State University, Maritime Academy for medical examinations, preventive care, medical or surgical treatment of illness and/or injuries, diagnostic procedures (including x-ray and laboratory tests), administration of drugs, or for any other care when any or all of the foregoing is deemed necessary by, and is to be rendered under the general supervision of a qualified California licensed health care provider.					
I further grant permission for the Cal Maritime Athletic Trainer to access my health information related to participation in team sports or if needed for the treatment of a sports related medical condition.					
My confidential medical record will not be released for non-treatment related purposes without my written permission, except by subpoena or other legally required reporting. I also understand that the Student Health Center is limited in its ability to provide continuous and/or comprehensive health care as the Student Health Center is closed in the evenings, on weekends, and during holidays, and the provision of care is based on enrollment status. Medical Records are retained for 10 years after the most recent activity or visit date.					
I understand that I am free to withdraw my corthat I choose to terminate it.	nsent for treatmen	t at any time, and tl	nat this consent will rer	nain in effect until I give notice	
Student's signature:			Date:		
Student's signature: Parent's signature (if student is under 1	8 y.o.):			Date:	
Λ <i>C</i> Λ Λ Λ Ι	DUS OF THE C	NI IEODNIA STAT	E I INIIVEDSITV		

A CAMPUS OF THE CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Address Cal Maritime Student Health Center 200 Maritime Academy Drive Vallejo, CA 94590-8181

Phone 707-654-1170 www.csum.edu/web/healthservices

Fax

707-654-1171

CAL MARITIME PHYSICAL EVALUATION STUDENT HISTORY FORM (Note: This form is to be filled out by the student (and/or parents if s	student	is unde	Date of Exam		
Name					
Sex Age Year Spor	t(s) (If a	applica	ble)		
Medicines and Allergies: Please list all of the prescription and over-the	-counter	r medici	nes and supplements (herbal and nutritional) that you are currently taking		
Do you have any allergies? ☐ Yes ☐ No If yes, please identify specific	allergy:	☐ Med	dicines □ Pollens □ Food □ Stinging insects		
			1		
GENERAL QUESTIONS 1. Has a doctor ever denied or restricted participation in sports for any	Yes	No	MEDICAL QUESTIONS 26. Do you cough, wheeze, or have difficulty breathing during or after	Yes	No
reason?			exercise?		
 Do you have any ongoing medical conditions? If so, please identify below: ☐ Asthma ☐ Anemia ☐ Diabetes ☐ Infections Other: 			27. Have you ever used an inhaler or taken asthma medicine?		
3. Have you ever spent the night in the hospital?			28. Is there anyone in your family who has asthma?		
4. Have you ever had surgery?			29. Were you born without or are missing a kidney, an eye, a testicle (males), your spleen, or any other organ?		
			30. Do you have groin pain or a painful bulge or hernia in the groin area?		
HEART HEALTH QUESTIONS ABOUT YOU 5. Have you ever passed out or nearly passed out DURING or AFTER	Yes	No	31. Have you had infectious mononucleosis (mono) within the last month?		
exercise?			31. Have you flad injectious monoriditeosis (mono) within the last month?		
6. Have you ever had discomfort, pain, tightness, or pressure in your chest during exercise?			32. Do you have any rashes, pressure sores, or other skin problems?		
7. Does your heart ever race of skip beats (irregular beats) during exercise?			33. Have you had herpes or MRSA skin infection?		
Has a doctor ever told you that you have any heart problems? If so, check all that apply:			34. Have you ever had a head injury or concussion?		
☐ High blood pressure ☐ A heart murmur ☐ High cholesterol ☐ A heart infection ☐ Kawasaki disease Other:			35. Have you ever had a hit or blow to the head that caused confusion, prolonged headache, or memory problems?		
Has a doctor ever ordered a test for your heart? (For example,			36. Do you have a seizure disorder?		
ECG/EKG, echocardiogram? 10. Do you get lightheaded or feel more short of breath than expected during exercise?			37. Do you have headaches with exercise?		
11. Have you ever had an unexplained seizure?			38. Have you ever had numbness, tingling, or weakness in your arms or legs after being hit or falling?		
12. Do you get more tired or short of breath more quickly than your friends			39. Have you ever been unable to move your arms or legs after being hit		
during exercise? HEART HEALTH QUESTIONS ABOUT YOUR FAMILY	YES	NO	or falling? 40. Have you ever become ill while exercising in the heat?		
13. Has any family member or relative died of heart problems or had an unexpected or unexplained sudden death before age 50 (including drowning, unexplained car accident, or sudden infant death syndrome)?			41. Do you get frequent muscle cramps when exercising?		
d. Does anyone in your family have hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, Marfan syndrome, arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy, long QT			42. Do you or someone in your family have sickle cell trait or disease?		
syndrome, short QT syndrome, Brugada syndrome or catecholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia?			43. Have you had any problems with your eyes or vision?		
15. Does anyone in your family have a heart problem, pacemaker, or implanted defibrillator?			44. Have you had any eye injuries?		
Has anyone in your family had unexplained fainting, unexplained seizures, or near drowning?			45. Do you wear glasses or contact lenses?		
BONE AND JOINT QUESTIONS	YES	NO	46. Do you wear protective eyewear, such as goggles or a face shield?		
17. Have you ever had an injury to a bone, muscle, ligament, or tendon that caused you to miss a practice or a game?			47. Do you worry about your weight?		
18. Have you ever had any broken or fractured bones or dislocated joints?			48. Are you trying to or has anyone recommended that you gain or lose weight?		
19. Have you ever had an injury that required x-rays, MRI, CT scan, injections, therapy, a brace, a cast, or crutches?			49. Are you on a special diet or do you avoid certain types of foods?		
20. Have you ever had a stress fracture?			50. Have you ever had an eating disorder?		
21. Have you ever been told that you have or have you had an x-ray for neck instability or atlantoaxial instability? (Down syndrome or dwarfism)			51. Do you have any concerns that you would like to discuss with a doctor?		
22. Do you regularly use a brace, orthotics, or other assistive device?			FEMALES ONLY		
23. Do you have a bone, muscle, or joint injury that bothers you?24. Do any of your joints become painful, swollen, feel warm, or look red?	-		52. Have you ever had a menstrual period? 53. How old were you when you had your first menstrual period?		<u> </u>
25. Do you have any history of juvenile arthritis or connective tissue disease?			54. How many periods have you had in the last 12 months?		
Explain all "YES" answers here and any conditi	ons r	not in	cluded above:		
I hereby state that, to the best of my knowledge, my answer	rs to th	e abo	ve questions are complete and correct.		

Signature of parent/guardian_

(if student is under age 18)
Provider Signature:

Signature of Student_

Must be Reviewed by Provider-Provider Name:

Date_

WILL BE RETURNED FOR COMPLETION. MUST SUBMIT ALL ORIGINAL FORMS. _____ DOB:_____ Student ID#:_ Student's Name: (Note: Accurate reporting of medical & psychological conditions ensures continuity of care. Students are encouraged to remain on any prescribed psychiatric medications and report the name and dosage of the medication on this form. Students with medical or mental health condition(s) applying to a licensed track program may be advised that they have a medical condition subject to further review by the US Coast Guard.) **List all Current Medications:** List all Allergies: □ NONE □ NKDA Check YES if the patient has or previously had any of the following diseases/conditions, or NO if not. YES NO YES NO Asthma or Lung Disease Eve Disease/Visual Impairment Speech Impediment Thyroid Dysfunction Hearing Loss Disorders Diabetes **Tuberculosis or TB Contact** Loss of Memory Periods of Unconsciousness Chicken Pox Sleep Walking Measles Impaired Balance or Coordination Mumps Blood Disease Other Infectious Disease: Malignancy Learning Disorder Heart or Vascular Disease Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) High Blood Pressure Depression **Heart Surgery** Suicide Attempt Orthopedic Problems Attention Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) Impaired Range of Motion Bipolar Disorder Gastrointestinal Disorders Substance Use Disorder Renal Disease Generalized Anxiety or Panic Disorder Chronic Headaches Post-traumatic Stress Disorder Recent or Repetitive Surgery Other Psychiatric/Psychological Diagnosis or Neurological Disorder disorder: **Please Explain Any/All YES Answers and Any Conditions Not Included Above** PLEASE PROVIDE COMPLETE IMMUNIZATION RECORDS AND/OR PROOF OF IMMUNITY FOR THE LISTED VACCINES BELOW AND TB SCREENING. **Tuberculin Risk Assessment Required: Complete Attached Screening Form If Screening is Positive Attach Documentation of Test Performed with Results.** MMR Date: #1 _____ Tetanus/TDAP (Within 10 years) Date: ____ Date: #2 COVID-19 Vaccine Date: #1 _____ Date: #2_____ Type:_____ Hepatitis BDate: #1Hepatitis ADate: #1MeningococcalDate(s):Date: #2Date: #2(Within 5 years)Type(s): Date: #3 Provider Name:______Date:_____

HEALTH HISTORY - TO BE FULLY COMPLETED BY MEDICAL PROVIDER, ANY INCOMPLETE SECTION/PAGE

PHYSICAL EXAM - TO BE FULLY COMPLETED BY MEDICAL PROVIDER, ANY INCOMPLETE SECTION/PAGE WILL BE RETURNED FOR COMPLETION. MUST SUBMIT ALL ORIGINAL FORMS.

Student's Name:	DOB:	Studen	t ID#:		
Blood Pressure: Pulse:	Height:	Weight:		BMI:	
<u>Vision</u>		Hea	ring		
Field of Vision Applicant must have at least 100* horizontal field of vision. Normal: Abnormal:	If hearing is ab	isper test at 12 ft) bnormal, audiogram Abnormal:		submitted	
Visual Acuity		<u>Phys</u>	sical		
If Corrected vision is measured, uncorrected vision must also be measured.	Check eac	ch item in proper colu	ımn ente	r N.E. if not evaluated	d
Uncorrected Vision Right Eye:/ Right Eye:/ Left Eye:/		Medical	Normal	Give details of a	
Color Vision Applicant must be tested on at least one of the USCG		indication of Marfan			,
approved color vision tests listed below. Please check which	HEENT				
test was used and the result.	Lymph nodes				
	Heart Simulton	neous femoral and radial			
	pulses	leous lemoral and radial			
☐ <u>Pseudoisochromatic Plates</u> -(Dvorine, 2nd Edition;	Lungs Abdomen				
AOC; revised edition or AOC-HRR; Ishihara 14-, 24-, or 38-plate editions).	Skin				
30-plate editions).	Neurologic				
□ <u>Titmus Vision Tester/OPTEC 2000</u>	Genitourinary (n	nales only) culoskeletal			
□ Farnsworth Lantern	Neck	Suioskeietai	ΤΙ		
	Back Shoulders/Arms				
☐ <u>Richmond Test, 2nd and 4th edition</u>	Shoulders/Arms Elbows/Forearm				
□ <u>Optec 900</u>	Wrists/Hands/Fi				-
	Hips/Thighs Knees				
	Legs/Ankles				
	Feet/Toes				
	Functional-Duck	k walk, single leg hop			
Color Vision Test Results: Pass Fail If Failed, please explain extent of color deficiency: Please advise patient to contact us regarding any color vision abnormalities at (707) 654-1170.	Based on the history and physical do you estimate that the has the agility, strength and flexibility to be able to do the fo -Participate in all physical activity? YesWear a respirator? YesClimb Steep or Vertical Ladders? YesMaintain Balance on a moving deck? YesPull heavy fire hoses up to 400' & Yes and be able to lift fully charged fire hoses? -Step over door sills of 24" in height? Yes		estimate that the patable to do the follow ? Yes No	e patient following: No No No No No No	
After considering the history and physical examination, in your professional opinion is this patient able to meet the physical and emotional demands of seagoing life/international travel/sports: Fully Cleared Without Restriction(s) Cleared With Restriction(s)-(Please List Restriction(s)) Not Cleared	-Open or may we	r don an exposure s r close water tight igh up to 56 pound omments:	doors tl ls?	hat Yes No	o
Name of Examining Provider:			ense#:_		
Provider's Signature:	Date:			Zin Code:	
I HIND ANALOSS.	LITV	Stat	ΓΔ'	/ID L.OGO'	



California Tuberculosis Risk Assessment College and University Students



- Use this tool to identify asymptomatic college or university students for latent TB infection (LTBI) testing.
- Do not repeat testing unless there are <u>new</u> risk factors since the last negative test.
- Do not treat for LTBI until active TB has been excluded:
 For patients with TB symptoms or abnormal chest x-ray consistent with active TB disease, evaluate for active TB disease with a chest x-ray, symptom screen, and if indicated, sputum AFB smears, cultures and nucleic acid amplification testing.

 A negative tuberculin skin test or interferon gamma release assay does not rule out active TB disease.

LTBI testing is recommended if any of the 3 boxes below are checked.				
☐ Birth, travel, or residence in a country with an elevated TB rate for at least 1 month				
 Includes any country other than the United States, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, or a country in western or northern Europe 				
 Interferon Gamma Release Assay is preferred over Tuberculin Skin Test for non-U.Sborn persons ≥2 years old 				
☐ Immunosuppression , current or pla	anned			
HIV infection, organ transplant recipient, treated with TNF-alpha antagonist (e.g., infliximab, etanercept, others), steroids (equivalent of prednisone ≥15 mg/day for ≥1 month) or other immunosuppressive medication				
☐ Close contact to someone with infectious TB disease during lifetime				
Treat for LTBI if LTBI test result is positive and active TB disease is ruled out.				
☐ None ; no TB testing is indicated at this time				
Provider:	Patient Name:			
ssessment Date: Date of Birth:				

See the College and University Students Risk Assessment User Guide for more information about using this tool. To ensure you have the most current version, go to the RISK ASSESSMENT page at https://www.cdph.ca.gov/tbcb





CA College and University Students TB Risk Assessment User Guide



Avoid testing persons at low risk

Routine testing of low risk populations is not recommended and may result in unnecessary evaluations and treatment because of falsely positive test results.

Local recommendations and other risk factors

The core elements listed in the College/University TB Risk Assessment are meant to identify students who need screening for TB. These were selected in order to focus testing on patients at highest risk. This risk assessment does not supersede any mandated testing. Examples of these populations include: healthcare workers, residents or employees of correctional institutions, substance abuse treatment facilities, homeless shelters, and others. Local recommendations should also be considered in testing decisions. Local TB control programs can customize this risk assessment according to local recommendations. **Providers should check with local TB control programs for local recommendations.**

United States Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF)

The USPSTF has recommended testing foreign born persons born-in or former residents of a country with an elevated tuberculosis rate and persons who live in or have lived in high-risk congregate settings such as homeless shelters and correctional facilities. Because the increased risk of exposure to TB in congregate settings varies substantially by facility and local health jurisdiction, clinicians are encouraged to follow local recommendations when considering testing among persons from these congregate settings. USPSTF did not review data supporting testing among close contacts to infectious TB nor among persons who are immunosuppressed because these persons are recommended to be screened by public health programs or by clinical standard of care.

Most patients with LTBI should be treated

Because testing of persons at low risk of TB infection should not be done, persons that test positive for LTBI should generally be treated once active TB disease has been ruled out with a chest radiograph and, if indicated, sputum smears, cultures, and nucleic acid amplification testing (NAAT) have been performed. However, clinicians should not be compelled to treat low risk persons with a positive test for LTBI.

When to repeat a risk assessment testing

Repeat risk assessments should be based on the activities and risk factors specific to the student. Colleges and universities may decide on the need for repeat screening based on the activities and risk factors specific to their student body. Students who volunteer or work in health care settings might require annual testing and should be considered separately.

Re-testing should only be done in persons who previously tested negative, and have new risk factors since the last assessment. In general, this would include new close contact with an infectious TB case or new immunosuppression, but could also include foreign travel in certain circumstances.

Negative test for latent TB does not rule out active TB

It is important to remember that a negative TST or IGRA result does not rule out active TB. In fact, a negative TST or IGRA in a patient with active TB can be a sign of extensive disease and poor outcome.

Previous or inactive tuberculosis

Persons with a previous chest radiograph showing findings consistent with previous or inactive TB should be tested for LTBI and evaluated for active TB disease.

IGRA preference in BCG vaccinated students

Because IGRA has increased specificity for TB infection in persons vaccinated with BCG, IGRA is preferred over the TST tuberculin skin test in these persons.

Emphasis on short course for treatment of LTBI

Shorter regimens for treating LTBI have been shown to be more likely to be completed and the 12-dose regimen has been shown to be as effective as 9 months of isoniazid. Use of these shorter regimens is preferred in most patients. Drug-drug interactions and contact to drug resistant TB are frequent reasons these regimens cannot be used.

Medication	Frequency	Duration
Rifampin	Daily	4 months
Isoniazid + rifapentine*	Weekly	12 weeks

^{*}The CDC currently recommends DOT for this regimen; however, data has shown that SAT is noninferior to DOT in the United States. Many clinicians are using SAT or modified DOT.

CDPH LTBI Treatment Fact Sheets: Fact sheets are available for three treatment regimens on the California Tuberculosis Branch website, on the LTBI Treatment page at: https://cdph.ca.gov/TB-LTBI-Treatment

What if students refuse LTBI treatment when indicated?

Refusal should be documented. Offers of treatment should be made at future encounters with medical services if still indicated. Annual chest radiographs are not recommended in asymptomatic students. If treatment is later accepted, TB disease should be excluded and CXR repeated if it has been more than 3 months from the initial evaluation.

Symptoms that should trigger evaluation for active TB

Patients with any of the following symptoms that are otherwise unexplained should be evaluated for active TB: cough for more than 2-3 weeks, fevers, night sweats, weight loss, hemoptysis or excessive fatigue.

No state requirements for LTBI screening in college or university students

These recommendations are considered best practices by the CDPH TCB and are not legally mandated.

Resource: American College Health Association Guidelines on tuberculosis screening available online:

http://www.acha.org/documents/resources/guidelines/ACHA Tuberculosis Screening 2017.pdf

Abbreviations: DOT=Directly observed therapy; IGRA= Interferon gamma release assay (e.g., QuantiFERON-TB Gold, T-SPOT.TB); BCG=Bacillus Calmette-Guérin; TST= tuberculin skin test; LTBI=latent TB infection





Student ID#:	
--------------	--

AB 1452 Information about Meningococcal Disease and Immunization

What is meningitis?

Meningitis is an infection of the fluid of a person's spinal cord and the fluid that surrounds the brain. Meningitis is usually caused by a viral or bacterial infection. Knowing whether meningitis is caused by a virus or bacterium is important because the severity of illness and the treatment differ. Viral meningitis is generally less severe and resolves without specific treatment, while bacterial meningitis can be quite severe and may result in brain damage, hearing loss, learning disability or death. For bacterial meningitis, it is also important to know which type of bacteria is causing the meningitis because antibiotics can prevent some types from spreading and infecting other people. Today, Streptococcus pneumoniae and Neisseria meningitis are the leading causes of bacterial meningitis.

What of the signs and symptoms of meningitis?

High fever, headache, and stiff neck are common symptoms of meningitis. These symptoms can develop over several hours, or they may take 1 to 2 days. Other symptoms may include nausea, vomiting, discomfort looking into bright lights, rash, flu like symptoms, confusion, and sleepiness. As the disease progresses, patients of any age may have seizures.

How is meningitis diagnosed?

Early diagnosis and treatment are very important. If symptoms occur, the patient should see a doctor immediately. The diagnosis is usually made by growing bacteria from a sample of spinal fluid. The spinal fluid is obtained by performing a spinal tap, in which a needle is inserted into an area in the lower back, where fluid in the spinal canal is readily accessible. Identification of the type of bacteria responsible is important for selection of correct antibiotics.

Can meningitis be treated?

Bacterial meningitis can be treated with a number of effective antibiotics. It is important, however, that treatment be started early in the course of the disease. Appropriate antibiotic treatment of most common types of bacterial meningitis should reduce the risk of dying from meningitis to below 15%, although the risk is higher among the elderly.

Is meningitis contagious?

Yes, some forms of bacterial meningitis are contagious. The bacteria are spread through the exchange of respiratory and throat secretions (i.e., coughing, kissing, or using someone's glass). Fortunately, none of the bacteria that cause meningitis are as contagious as things like the common cold or the flu, and they are not spread by casual contact or by simply breathing the air where a person with meningitis has been.

However, sometimes the bacteria that cause meningitis have spread to other people who have had close or prolonged contact with a patient with meningitis caused by Neisseria meningitis. People in the same household or anyone with direct contact secretions (such as a boyfriend or girlfriend) would be considered at increased risk of acquiring the infection. People who qualify as close contacts of a person with meningitis caused by Neisseria meningitis should receive antibiotics to prevent them from getting the disease.

Who Is at Risk for Meningitis?

Meningitis can strike at any age; however, certain groups have a greater risk for contracting the disease:

- College students, particularly freshmen, who live in campus residence halls.
- Anyone in close contact with a known case.
- Anyone with an upper respiratory infection with a compromised immune system.
- Anyone traveling to areas of the world where meningitis is endemic (prevalent in the region).

Is There a Vaccine to Help Prevent Meningitis?

- A safe, effective vaccine is available.
- The vaccine is 85% to 100% effective in preventing four kinds of bacterial infections (serogroups A,C, Y, W-135) that cause about 70% of disease in the U.S.
- The vaccine is safe, with mild side effects, such as redness and pain at the injection site lasting up to 2 days.
- After vaccination, immunity develops within 7 to 10 days and remains
 effective for a minimum of 3 to 5 years. As with any vaccine,
 vaccination against meningitis may not protect 100% of all
 susceptible individuals.
- Meningitis B vaccine is now available. Discuss with your medical provider if they recommend receiving this vaccine.

Is Vaccination Recommended for College Students?

- Certain college students, particularly freshmen who live or plan to live in residence halls, have a 6-fold increased risk of disease.
- The American College Health Association has adopted the recommendation of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), which states that college students, particularly freshmen, living in residence halls, be vaccinated against meningococcal meningitis.
- Other undergraduate students wishing to reduce their risk of meningitis can also choose to be vaccinated.

In accordance with Assembly Bill 1452, Chapter 1.7, Section 120395 please acknowledge receipt of this information by completing the box below and returning with your Cal Maritime Health Admission Forms.			
I have already received this vaccination ☐ Yes ☐ No			
I would like to receive this vaccine ☐ Yes (if yes, where do you plan on receiv☐ No	ing this vaccine?)	
Name of Applicant (Printed)	Signature of Applicant	Date	
If you have any questions, contact Cal Maritime Student Health Center at (707) 654-1170			



Student Health Center

Please review our Patient Rights and Responsibilities and Notice of Privacy Practices at:

https://www.csum.edu/web/health-services

by selecting the link at the bottom of our homepage. Hard copies are also available in the Student Health Center. If you have any questions please feel free to contact the SHC at healthcenter@csum.edu or (707) 654-1170.

By signing below I acknowledge that I have reviewed the Patient Rights and Responsibilities and Notice of Privacy Practices for the Cal Maritime Student Health Center and I am aware that copies are readily available to

Print full name of patient/student

Signature of patient/student

Date

If a personal representative's signature appears above please describe relationship to patient/student: